

8- Classifications of Demons

Notes: Things to remember:

- 1-Septuagint does not translate the term “angel” (מַלְאָכִים, *mal'akh*) as “demon” (δαιμόνιον,
- 2-Jesus said the a spirit does not have flesh and bone (Luke 24:39)
- 3-Paul allowed for angel to be distinguished as different from spirit (Acts 23:8-9)
- 4-Never has an angel been described as being cast out of a person.

New Testament ID

a- Unclean spirits 44x in NT (Matthew 10:1; Mark 1:23,26; 5:13–18, Luke 4:33, Luke 9:42; Acts 6=5:15)

b- spirit of infirmity Luke 13:11)

c- evil spirits Acts 19:12

d- spirit- Luke 11:26; Matthew 8:16; Luke 10:20

e- dumb and deaf spirit Mark 9:25; Luke 11:14

f- Possible to consider the fiery darts of the wicked Eph 6:16

g- All sin is of the devil (1 John 3:8)- demon spirits associated with all of the works of the flesh (Gal 5:19; John 8:44)

note: All sickness does not necessarily have an evil spirit associated with it. Peters mother-n-law is an example

Old Testament ID

Familiar spirits (OT only 32x) 1 Chr, 10:13- familiar with a person in his lifetime and who impersonate the departed friend or loved one in the unholy atmosphere

spirit of harlotry (Hos 4:12; 5:4).

spirit of deep sleep (Is 29:10)

“spirit of confusion” (Is 19:14)

lying spirit (1 Kgs 22:22, 23; 2 Chr 18:20–22)

“evil spirit” occurs (Jgs 9:23; 1 Sm 16:14–23; 18:10; 19:9)

unclean spirit once in OT Zach 13:2;

There is a New Testament gift that allows us knowledge concerning spirits (1 Cor 12:10)

We must be careful to discern what is going on many mental diseases that need healing have been dealt with as demon possession and turns into a free-for-all of commands in the name of Jesus and crazy responses from the mental ill.